SAS FISH AND GAME No. 2

Vol. VIII



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No. 2

SEASONS AND SHOOTING REGULATIONS

· Here is a summary of the federal migratory game bird and the state upland game bird seasons and regulations that will be in effect in Kansas this fall:

Mourning Doves: The season this year in Kansas closed on September 30.

Rails and Gallinules: Season from one-half hour before sunrise September 1, to one hour before sunset on October 30. Daily shooting hours are from one-half hour before sunrise to sunset, except when rails and gallinules are permitted to be taken during the waterfowl season, they may not be hunted after one hour before sunset. Daily bag limit not more than 15 in the aggregate. Possession limit, same as daily bag limit.

Ducks: Kansas will have a 45-day continuous season this year, opening at noon on October 20, and closing at one hour before sunset on December 3. Daily shooting hours except on opening day are from one-half hour before sunrise to one hour before sunset.

The daily bag limit has been increased this year from four to five ducks per day, because of slightly improved conditions throughout the Central Flyway and in the Canadian breeding grounds. Possession limit on ducks was also increased from eight to ten ducks.

The daily bag limit for American and Red-breasted Mergansers is twenty-five singly or in the aggregate of both kinds. No possession limit after the opening day.

Wood Ducks: No open season in Kansas.

GEESE: Season same as for ducks—opening at noon on October 20, and closing at one hour before sunset on December 3. The daily bag and possession limit is five geese, all of which may be Snows or two may be Canadian geese, or two may be white-fronted geese, or one each of Canada and white-fronted geese.

Coots: Season same as ducks. The daily bag limit is ten coots a day. Possession limits are the same as the daily bag limits.

METHOD OF TAKING BIRDS: The restrictions against the use of live decoys, unplugged shotguns, rifles and baiting practices are continued. It is well to remember also that the plug in shotguns must be incapable of being removed without disassembling the gun. All persons over sixteen years of age hunting migratory waterfowl are required to have with them an unexpired federal migratory bird hunting stamp (duck stamp) attached to their hunting license and validated by their signatures written across the face of the stamp. These stamps may be purchased at postoffices for two dollars.

Transportation and Postseason Possession Limit of Game: To permit sportsmen to transport to their homes ducks and geese killed on the last day of the season at some distant point, shipments from Canada and Mexico can be made as late as five days following the close of the season in the province or state where taken. In the United States, hunters can make interstate shipments up to forty-eight hours following the close of the shooting season in the state where taken.

In connection with such transportation or importation, dressed birds, as a means of identification, are now required to have the head, head plumage, and feet attached.

The postseason period for possession of migratory game birds remains the same as in previous years—90 days.

QUAIL: Open season November 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, and December 1 and 3 in all counties. Daily shooting hours from one-half hour before sunrise to 4 p. m. Daily bag limit, eight; possession limit two days' bag limit.

Pheasants: Open season November 9, 11, 12, 13 in the following counties: Barton, Clay, Cloud, Cheyenne, Decatur, Ellis, Ellsworth, Finney, Ford, Greeley, Gove, Graham, Grant, Gray, Hamilton, Haskell, Hodgeman, Jewell, Kearny, Lane, Lincoln, Logan, Meade, Mitchell, Morton, Ness, Norton, Osborne, Ottawa, Pawnee, Phillips, Rawlins, Republic, Rooks, Rush, Russell, Scott, Seward, Sheridan, Sherman, Smith, Stafford, Stanton, Stevens, Thomas, Trego, Wallace and Wichita. Daily bag limit, 3 cock birds; possession limit, two days bag limit. Pheasants in possession of hunters and in lockers must retain head

and feet. Daily shooting hours from 9 a.m. Central Standard Time, to sunset.

Prairie Chicken: Open Season, October 25, the following counties: Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Butler, Chase, Coffey, Elk, Franklin, Greenwood, Linn, Lyon, Morris, Osage, Wabaunsee, Woodson. Daily shooting hours from one-half hour before sunrise to sunset. Day's bag limit, 2.

SQUIRREL: Open season, June 15 to November 30, inclusive. Daily bag limit, eight; possession limit, two days' bag limit. Legal shooting hours one-half hour before sunrise to sunset.

Bullfrogs: Open season ended September 30.

Fur-Bearing Animals: (except Beaver and Otter) December 1 to January 31, both dates inclusive.

BEAVER AND OTTER: Season closed.

RED AND GRAY FOX; SWIFT OR PRAIRIE FOX: Season, January 1 to December 31.

RABBITS: Closed season, October 15 to December 7, inclusive, with the following exceptions—October 25, November 9, 11, 12 and 13; November 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, and December 1 and 3. When rabbits are taken during the Pheasant season (November 9-11-12-13) they may not be hunted before 9 a. m. Central Standard time, and when taken during the quail season, (November 15-17-19-21-23-25-26-27-29, Dec. 1 and 3) they may not be hunted later than 4 p. m. on those days. Rabbit hunters, unless otherwise exempt from hunting license requirements, must have a license to hunt rabbits.

Other Hunting Regulations

Possession Period: The postseason period for possession of migratory game birds shall not exceed 90 days. The postseason period for possession of quail and pheasants, 30 days.

QUAIL STAMP: All persons who hunt quail and are required to have a hunting license must also procure and affix to that license a quail stamp.

No game bird or game animal shall be shot at, killed or pursued from a motorboat, airplane or automobile and no wild game bird shall be shot at or killed unless that bird is in flight.

It is unlawful to hunt and kill wild game birds and wild game animals with gun larger than 10 gauge.

It is unlawful to hunt, kill, pursue or have in possession any wild song and insectivorous bird or to destroy the nests or eggs of such birds.

It shall be unlawful to use, directly or indirectly, live waterfowl decoys for the taking of waterfowl, nor may waterfowl be taken by means, aid or use of cattle, horses or mules.

For further information write to the Forestry, Fish and Game Commission, Pratt, Kan.

Game Protector Holmes Passes



JOHN Q. HOLMES, veteran District Game Protector, died August 16 after a heart attack at his home in Garden City. Widely-known for his work in the conservation of wild-life and game, Mr. Holmes had been a district game protector for the Kansas Fish and Game Commission since 1940. Prior to that he was a United States Game Warden, being one of the original U. S. Wardens appointed in 1914.

"John Q." as he was known to everyone, was a true sportsman and a friend to everyone. The main theme of his work and his life was "Anyone can break a game law, but a sportsman never does." He was largely instrumental in the development of the buffalo herd at the state game refuge near Garden City and also the organization of the Finney County Fish and Game Association, one of the largest such organizations in western Kansas.

He was a member of the First Methodist church in Garden City, the Elks lodge, the Masonic lodge, and the Midian Temple of the Shrine lodge at Wichita. John Q. is survived by his wife and a son, John Q. Holmes, Jr., of Fort Riley.

"Without the fish and game warden, the popular outdoor pastimes that provide untold pleasure for millions of Americans might not exist."—San Mateo Times.

The bat's wing is equipped with a hook in the form of a claw. This enables it to cling to walls, rocks, etc. From this clinging position the bat takes flight. Without the hook on its wings it would be one of the most helpless of all animals.

The Hunting Outlook—

Kansas nimrods and attracted hunters from other states may look ahead to a pretty good hunting season in Kansas this fall. Summer censuses indicate the quail crop was above normal with an increase in populations over much of the state. The same census showed a plentiful supply of pheasants over much of the pheasant territory.

Record rainfall, floods and hail storms during July and August took their toll of game birds in some sectors and many late hatches are reported. However, the over-all picture was encouraging to warrant the liberal upland game bird seasons that have been set by the Fish and Game Commission.

In some western Kansas counties open to pheasant shooting, the pheasant populations are reported under those of last year, largely because of the floods and hail storms. But the cover in those counties was so dense it was hard to get an accurate census of the bird population. The Commission's fieldmen said they did not see as many birds as usual. On the other hand, reports from farmers said the birds were quite plentiful but were not being seen because of the heavy cover and standing crops. Because of the mild winter, there was a good carry over of adult birds in all of the pheasant range. There should be good shooting opportunities.

The counties of Cheyenne, Sherman, Wallace, and Greeley, which were closed to hunting last fall, will be open to pheasant hunting again this fall. Reports from all four counties were encouraging and indicated the pheasants had made increase during the past year.

On the basis of reports received by the Fish and Game Commission, hunters should find the best pheasant hunting in the following counties: Phillips, Norton, Sheridan, Graham, Cheyenne, Rawlins, Finney and Haskell.

All of the counties open to pheasant hunting were stocked quite heavily during the summer months with more than 22,000 young birds raised at the state pheasant farm at Meade State Park.

As mentioned earlier, the quail outlook is indeed encouraging. Practically every report from the field indicates the quail crop to be above normal—even better than last year in many of the eastern counties. With weather permitting, quail hunters should enjoy one of the best seasons in Kansas history. Quail populations are on the increase in western Kansas but the best hunting will be found in the eastern and southeastern counties, which is the best quail range.

Rabbits have also made a good comeback during the past year. Jackrabbits are still way below normal but are reported more numerous than for several years. Cottontails have made a healthy increase. It should be a good year for ducks, if the weather will only coöperate. Lagoons, ponds, sloughs, etc., over all of Kansas are full of water this fall, which should entice flights of ducks down through Kansas. In addition, approximately 15,000 acres of land in the Cheyenne Bottoms in Barton county is under water, which should mean many thousands of ducks will migrate there. Ducks Unlimited and the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service report improved conditions during the summer in the Canadian breeding grounds and down through the Central Flyway. This means more ducks should come down through Kansas in the fall migrations southward.

In setting the upland game bird seasons, the Fish and Game Commission tried to satisfy as nearly as possible the demands of all sections of the state, within the limits of sound game management practices. They have tried to provide for a better distribution of the hunting pressure and give the week-end hunter a break by including Sunday's and holidays in the open dates.

It will be tough going for the hunter whether he is in the field for pheasants or for quail. Cover will be unusually dense and stamina will be needed to trudge the fields. Many farms will be posted to the hunter. It is hoped that sportsmen will exercise respect for the game laws and private property upon which they will be hunting. Hunters will do well to select their pheasant hunting areas from contacts with landowners or sportsmen in the particular area they plan to hunt in. Those with contacts in the field should have little difficulty in bringing home some game birds.

The rabbit has a bulging curved eye that enables him to see behind his back.



A SIGN OF THE TIMES, MAYBE—At least one landowner thought of a novel way to post his land against fishing practices that must have prevailed in his locality. This unusual sign was found on Soldier Creek, three miles north and three miles east from Delia, by District Game Protector Art Benander, of Topeka, who couldn't resist taking the picture.

Providing More Game Bird Cover

By RICHARD EGGEN, Horticulturist Kansas Forestry, Fish and Game Commission

Providing more game bird cover plants for Kansas soil is a tremendous job. So much so that the Kansas Forestry, Fish and Game Commission established its own nursery to help meet the demand which is ever growing in volume.

This seedling nursery was first established during the summer of 1948 on the grounds of the state quail farm at Calista, in Kingman county. The original site was a temporary one, to get plants into production hurriedly, until a permanent site could be selected. The latter site was selected in the fall of 1948 and work started to prepare for planting on that site the following fall.

The permanent location of the nursery lies about three-quarters of a mile west and a quarter mile north of the quail farm and is about twenty acres in size. At the present time only about seven acres are under cultivation. The rest either in windbreaks or summer fallow.

Irrigation water for the nursery is supplied by a creek flowing near by which has been channeled through a small reservoir built for the purpose. A system of portable irrigation pipe mounting sprinklers every forty feet carries the water through the planting beds as it is pumped from the reservoir. This system applies the water in as near a nature-like manner as possible.

The seedling stock being grown at present in the nursery is limited. Multiflora rose constitutes the major portion of the plantings, supplemented by smaller plantings of red cedar, Russian olive and experimental plantings of Arbor Vitae and New Mexico wild olive.

This year's volume of the three major plants grown is far in excess of any previous year's production and consists of approximately 1,000,000 Multiflora rose plants; 50,000 to 75,000 cedar seedlings and 3,000 to 5,000 Russian olive plants. These plants, with the exception of the cedar seedlings will be available to the landowner during the spring of 1951.

The procedure followed at the nursery is such that it keeps a crew of five to seven men busy the year around and additional labor is needed during the summer for weed control.

Seeding of the nursery starts the year's work and is started as early in the spring as possible. Some fall seeding has been practiced but it poses several major problems, one of which is severe blowing during the winter months.

Concurrently with seeding comes the problem of irrigation, which continues until late summer. In irrigating the plants in early spring, the water must

be applied in a manner to eliminate any crust forming which would prevent good germination.

Weeding, the principal part of the summer's work, follows germination. All weeding is done by hand and must be carefully done to prevent damage to the young seedlings. Weeding continues until the plants attain a size that enables them to shade out this competition. The red cedar plantings, however, must be continually worked because they grow very slowly and produce too little shade to be effective in the manner that Multiflora rose and the deciduous plants do

The next operaton of the season at the nursery is that of digging the plants, which starts after there has been sufficient frost to bring about dormancy in the plants. The digging operation begins usually in early November. The plants are undercut with a lifting knife pulled by a tractor. Lifting as it is known is done by pulling this knife through the ground under the plants and loosening them in the soil. It is this operation which requires a loose, friable, sandy soil which will permit the plant roots to come out of the soil relatively clean and without an undue amount of damage. The plants are then graded, as to size, are counted, bundled and topped and put in storage.

The storage of the dormant plants through the winter months is one of the more important phases of the nursery work. The plants must be carried through the winter with as little variation in temperature as possible and with a constant condition of fairly high humidity. A failure to maintain these conditions could result in a great loss of plants.

The season in the nursery ends with the distribution of the plants in early spring. The plants are distributed by truck to the four districts in which the state has been divided. Each district has a Game Management Supervisor, whose responsibility it is to see that they are properly planted and cared for.

Future plans for the nursery call for an increased production, not only in numbers of plants, but also in species of plants. Increased storage facilities are also planned. Plans are also under consideration for production of seedling stock to be used in state park beautification plantings.

The first two years of its existence has seen a great step forward in the Commission's nursery. A few more years should see an establishment capable of serving every need of the Commission's bird cover restoration program and therein an increase not only in wildlife cover and wildlife but also a valuable asset in use and beauty on the land of the rural areas of the state.

The tongue of the gecko lizard is so long that the reptile can use it to wash its eyes.

Two State Lakes Reopened to Public Fishing in July

Two state lakes, the Leavenworth County State Lake, near Tonganoxie, and the Kingman County State Lake, near Kingman, were reopened to public fishing on July 1, after a period of time during which the lakes had been drained, rehabilitated and restocked by Commission fisheries technicians.

The largest crowd—an estimated 10,000—attended the reopening of the Leavenworth County State Lake on the opening day. Anglers were there from practically every county in Kansas and many surrounding states, even from as far away as Canada. As noted by the license tags, there were cars in the park during the day from the states of Oklahoma, Missouri, Nebraska, Colorado, Pennsylvania, Texas, North Dakota, South Dakota, Arkansas, California, Arizona, Ohio, Minnesota, New York, Washington, Montana, Wyoming Indiana, Michigan and Georgia, making a total of 21 states and one Canadian province represented.

Despite the traffic jams and snarled traffic, it was a grand re-opening. Many thousands of fine fish were caught and generally the opinion was that the Kansas Fish and Game Commission had done a great job and deserved a lot of credit for bettering fishing conditions at the lake.

Largest fish caught as checked by state game protectors included an eleven-pound channel catfish; a

nine-pound blue catfish; two-pound crappie and a two-pound drum.

An estimated 5,000 persons were at the lake daily for the Fourth of July holiday, making a total of 25,000 persons visiting the park in the four days.

The crowds at the reopening of the Kingman county lake were naturally smaller but no less enthusiastic. Fishermen lined the banks of the lake on all sides and in some places stood or sat almost shoulder to shoulder. It was estimated that approximately 2,000 persons were at the lake opening day.

Fishing was also good at the Kingman lake with a five-pound, nine-ounce channel catfish being the largest fish caught. Lester Nighswonger, of Greensburg, was the angler to bring the big one in. A five-pound, four-ounce bass was also reported caught during the day.

Excellent lakeside roads marked with easy-to-read signs were provided through the park area, and attractive picnic spots and restroom facilities also added to the convenience of those attending the opening of the Kingman County Lake.

The world's rarest game bird is the Hawaiian goose or "nene." Changes in land use and extra hunting pressure have reduced their ranks to a pitiful remnant of not over twenty-five or thirty birds.



ENOUGH FISH FOR A FISH FRY—And that is just what these members of the Cherokee County Sportsmen's Fish and Game Association of Columbus did with the lunkers shown in the above picture. The successful anglers are: left to right, Curly Spencer, Banty Rowden, Harvey Wilcox, George Floquet, Roy Hurst and Walter Merrick, all of Columbus.—Photo by Lemley Studio, Columbus.

Outdoor Notes

By JOE AUSTELL SMALL

Take Stock

Put in a little extra work on your new gunstock this fall, and find out how much longer it will hold up under rough treatment. Most gunstocks come from the factory with a varnish finish. This must be first removed witha piece of glass or fine steel wool followed by a cloth dampened with varnish remover. When the stock is slick and smooth, apply boiled linseed oil, rubbing it in with the hands. Set the stock away for a day and repeat the operation. One or two such treatments and the stock will take on a smooth, dull finish that is impervious to scratches, mars and weather.

Ducks Poor Drinkers

"A duck just can't hold his liquor!" officer Dugan Bresnehen, of Vinita, Okla., declares.

The officer recently arrested a woman and her pet duck for being drunk. Both were drinking beer when arrested in a Vinita beer tavern. "The woman wasn't in such bad shape," Bresnehen said, "but the duck couldn't stand up."

Decoy Tip

A goose decoy that folds? One that looks so natural the ganders get flirted with? By golly, I've found one I'd been looking for a mighty long time and just didn't know it. I was griping about trying to get a dozen big wooden ones out on a muddy river flat when a hunting companion hollered at me: "Get a Dupe, dope!" After three of them suggested the same thing I decided to look into the matter. They were speaking of Dupe-A-Goose decoys. I looked over a set and that's all it took. You can carry three times as many of them as ordinary decoys because of their flat-fold feature. Yet, you've got a full-bodied decoy with merely a flip of the spreader hinge when you set them out. They're durable and life-like in appearance with natural color and action in the field. Another tip: The two styles in those decoys that are showing the best results are the Regular Stakeout in Canada, Snow, Specklebelly and Blue, and the Feeding variety in the Canada only. Drop a card or letter for full particulars to Dunster Sporting Goods Co., 16824 Pacific Highway, Seattle, Wash.

Fire Starter

Before going into the woods this fall on your various

hunts, take out a few moments and end your firemaking worries. Fill a jar or can full of sawdust and saturate it with kerosene. Keep it closed tightly. Then on a damp morning when you're about to freeze and are starving for that cup of hot coffee, put a tablespoonful of this preparation under some twigs and you've got a fire instantly.

How Fast Can They Fly?

Next time you miss that speeding bird and exclaim: "Man, he was going a hundred!" remember, chum, there are official estimates on the speed game birds can make. Normal speed of doves is forty miles per hour; quail, prairie chicken, ruffed grouse, mallard, black duck, spoonbill, pintail, and wood duck knock off fifty; Canada geese and brant average around forty-five; greenwing teal, seventy-nine; red, forty-two; bluewing teal, eighty-nine; and canvasback, seventy-two.

There is no officical estimate on how fast a hunter can run through the brush with a game warden on his tail. . . .

Tenderfeet

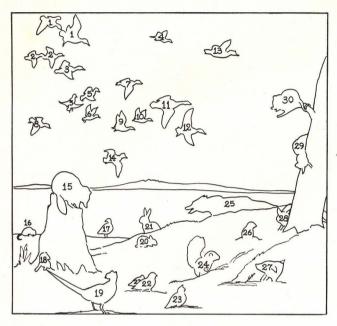
Foot blisters often spoil a hunting trip. One method preventing blisters caused by walking is to rub the inside of your socks with yellow laundry soap. Be sure to get plenty of it over the spots where blisters are most likely to occur.



TRAGEDY IN THE WILD—The above picture shows how tragedy strikes our wildlife. This opossum had crawled out on some small limbs in a persimmon tree and had wrapped his tail around the limb to steady himself, or made a wrap around when he started to fall. Unfortunately, the opossum was unlucky enough to get the very tip end of his tail under the first wrap and thus could not extract himself. Photo sent in by Mr. A. C. Kerr, of Toronto, Kansas.

Cover Picture

The cover picture on this issue of Kansas Fish and Game is in keeping with the hunting season. Pictured are practically all of the game birds and game animals found in Kansas. The sketch was drawn by H. Wayne Trimm.



- 1. Mallards
- 2. Redhead ducks
- 3. Canvas-back
- 4. Pintail
- 5. Green wing teal
- 6. Blue wing teal
- 7. Scaup or bluebill
- 8. Baldpate
- 9. Snow goose
- 10. Blue goose
- 11. Canadian goose
- 12. Shoveler
- 13. Ruddy duck
- 14. Buffle head
- 15. Raccoon

- 16. Muskrat
- 17. Coot
- 18. Mink
- 19. Ring-neck pheasant
- 20. Cottontail rabbit
- 21. Jackrabbit
- 22. Bobwhite
- 23. Scaled quail
- 24. Common skunk
- 25. Covote
- 26. Little spotted skunk
- 27. Badger
- 28. Red fox
- 29. Fox squirrel
- 30. Opossum

The 15,478,570 U. S. anglers who purchased fishing licenses in 1949 paid state conservation agencies a total of \$32,657,940 for the privilege, reports the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

The electric sparks from a cat's body when the fur is under friction are probably caused by the peculiar dryness of the hair, which is free from the oily substances common to the coats of animals.

The common garden snail has 14,175 teeth. These are located on the snail's tongue, in 135 rows, each row containing 105 teeth.

Chetopa Was "Catfish Capital of Kansas" During Summer

Chetopa, Kan., cinched the title of the "Catfish Capital of Kansas" during the past summer, following a remarkable run of record individual catches from the fish-infested waters of the Neosho river at that point.

It was estimated that anglers caught an estimated 4,000 pounds of fish in three days. Not in the least uncommon were twenty-five to fifty-pound catfish. Also included in the catches were large channel catfish, drum and other species.

There is a dam in the Neosho river at that point, which is the first dam in the river above the huge Grand Lake in northeastern Oklahoma. Fishing is usually good there throughout the summer but when a run is on such as they had last summer, anglers line the banks almost solidly night and day to get in on the good fishing. And they do not go home emptyhanded.

Furthermore, Chetopa welcomes anglers and their families to come to that city for an outing and fishing trip.

It is a law of nature that animals that walk softly are endowed with especially keen hearing, while those with a heavy step have a "dull ear."



A HAPPY ANGLER WITH HIS LIMIT OF BASS—Pictured above is Don Vistuba, depot agent at Winifred, Kansas, with a limit catch of bass which he took from waters in Marshall county, in less than three hours one morning during the past summer. Vistuba declared that the catch far exceeded his success in Minnesota where he had fished the week before. "I drove over a thousand miles and didn't do as well as I did one morning right here in Marshall county," he said.



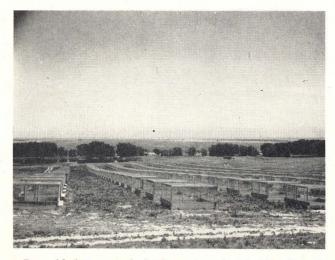
A good view of the buildings at the Meade State pheasant farm. Buildings include two brooder houses, main office and incubator room, garage, power plant and apartments for personnel. All buildings are of adobe, stuccoed on the outside.

THE KANSAS PHEASANT FARM

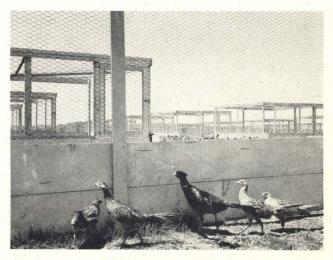
Out at the Meade County State Park, near Meade, Kan., is located one of the three game bird farms that the Kansas Fish and Game Commission has in operation. This one is devoted exclusively to the production of the Chinese Ringneck pheasant.

This pheasant farm was started approximately ten years ago when the Commission decided it was the one practical way to stock the state with another game bird and provide Kansas hunters with additional shooting opportunities. That the farm was the successful answer to years of trial and effort in the field of restocking this popular game bird is attested to by the fact that today, Kansas is ranked as a very good pheasant state, with nearly half of the counties open to at least a three-day hunt.

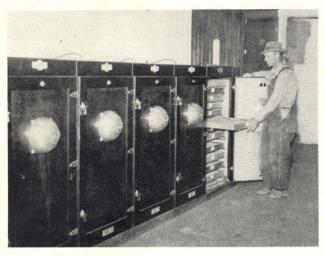
Approximately 25,000 pheasants are produced annually at the Meade game farm, which are planted in western Kansas counties to provide seed stock where needed and to increase the pheasant range. Today, the pheasant range is not restricted to any one section of western Kansas as this game bird is to be found over most of the state and are rapidly spreading to many of the southeastern counties of the state.

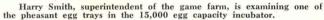


Rows of laying pens at the hatchery. Approximately 175 units are in use during the laying season.



A close-up of one of the laying pens. During the laying season seven hens and one cock bird are placed in each pen.



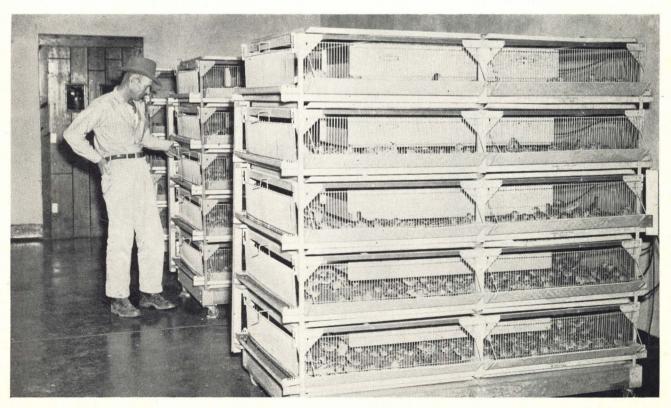




A trayful of baby pheasants just hatching out.

Trained personnel are housed at the game farm to keep constant watch over operations, not only during the hatching season, but throughout the year. Improvements have been made at the farm until new highs in pheasant production at new low costs have been established. The average cost of each pheasant reared and then liberated in the wild is slightly over \$1.

Kansas is a step ahead of many other states in its game restoration policies as it includes in its plans, not only the practice of producing game farm pheasants and quail but the restoration of suitable game bird habitat as well.



Baby pheasants in the battery brooders. The birds are kept in these brooders for approximately six days and then transferred to the brooder houses.



THEY CATCH A LOT OF BIG FISH IN KANSAS

(Pictures Opposite)

- 1. Two nice channel cats with the same pole, but not at the same time. That was the experience this summer of W. Smith (left) and Roger Wayrich, while fishing in Big Eleven Lake in Kansas City, Kan. Smith caught his 7-pound channel first and immediately thereafter let Wayrich use his pole. In less than ten minutes, Roger pulled out another 7-pounder from almost the same identical spot that Smith caught his. The two boys are neighbor friends in Kansas City. Photo by Ben Shanoski, Kansas City, Kan.
- 2. The Cats grow big in the Cottonwood River. Here is a 24-pounder, which was landed by Mr. V. L. Scott, of Cottonwood Falls, on July 15, 1950.
- 3. John N. Long, of Cottonwood Falls, caught this 33½-pounder while fishing close to home on July 19, 1950.
- 4. This 40-pound catfish was brought to line on August 8, 1950, by Mr. G. H. Trussell, of Strong City. He was fishing near Cottonwood Falls.
 - 5. A lady with a smile and a big fish. She is Mrs.

- Wm. S. Humphrey, of Newton, with a 17½-pound catfish—her first big fish. We think her smile is justified.
- 6. Using a Rex Spoon lure, Mr. Glen Kauffman, of Meade, took these two bronze-back beauties from the Meade County State Lake in less than ten minutes on the evening of June 18, 1950. One weighed 5 pounds, the other 4 pounds.
- 7. Good old stinky cheese bait lured this big channel cat to the hook of Arch Coy, of Mullinville, while fishing in the Meade County State Lake on July 28. Mr. Coy wasted no time in bringing him to line. The fish weighed 10 pounds.
- 8. A truly satisfied fisherman. He is J. A. Harrison, of Strong City, with a 30-pound catfish he caught on June 5, 1950.
- 9. Harlan Foster and Carl Didde, of Emporia, with a nice 30-pound catfish they caught on July 19, while fishing in the Neosho River, northeast of Emporia. They were using sun perch for bait.

News of Sportsmen's Clubs

New Directors Named for Riley County Fish, Game Association

Dr. H. T. Gier, president of the Riley County Fish and Game Association at Manhattan, appointed a new board of directors for the organization at a meeting held during the summer.

The new board members and the terms they will serve are:

Doctor Gier and Perle Bottger, one year; Fred Butcher and Will West, two years; and Dr. R. L. Fredrich and George Filinger, three years.

Hiawatha Rod and Gun Club An Active Organization

One of the most active sportsmen's organizations in Kansas is the Hiawatha Rod and Gun Club. Membership in the organization has reached a total of 208, since the club was formed last spring and it is still growing.

Granville Bowen is president of the club. Other officers include Len Shubert, vice-president, and Leon Shannon, secretary-treasurer. Named to the board of directors for three-year terms were Dr. J. W. Ott, Mr. Shubert and Mr. Bowen. Those selected for two-year terms were Ira Overfield, Leon Shannon, Dwight

Groves, while Don Kay, Ted Kissinger, and Lefty Boicourt were elected for one-year terms.

The club is sponsoring a big fish contest in Brown county, with all members of the club eligible to try for the extremely attractive prize for the biggest fish brought in. The contest closes on October 27.

Southeast Kansas Boosters, Inc., Ahead on Reclamation of Strip Pits

The Southeast Kansas Boosters, Inc., of Pittsburg, Kan., is going strong on its plans for reclaiming old strip pits in southeast Kansas, according to President Bill Hamilton.

The Boosters are using funds that were raised through the sale of membership tickets for their reclamation work. And they are finding that coal companies and many other groups in the area have already begun such projects, and many more are willing to pitch in and help.

Such companies as the Mackie Clemens Coal Co., The Pittsburg-Midway Coal Co., and others have fullfledged reclamation projects in operation. Such projects includes a series of lakes that are well stocked with fish and land that has been made suitable for farming and grazing through scientific fertilization.

Nature has been helping with the beautifying work on the pits, and the Kansas Forestry, Fish and Game Commission has been helping with the stocking. Between the two, and the work of the Boosters, the once useless strip pit areas have taken on an added meaning.

The Boosters' goal is to stock every available pit, and largely through the combined efforts of the Boosters and organizations mentioned above, southeast Kansas promises to be a fishermen's paradise.

A Cimarron Valley Sportsmen's Club Organized During Summer

A group of sportsmen in the Sublette area got together this summer and organized the Cimarron Valley Sportsmen's Club.

Ted Thompson was elected president of the organization. Other officers named included L. L. White, vice-president; Lloyd Pitts, secretary-treasurer, and W. E. Lauderdale, Harold Duck and Arthur Davis as additional members of the board of directors.

The big project of the club is the development of a lake on the L. C. Black farm, eight miles southwest of Satanta. A lake was built on the land years ago as a WPA project but generally abandoned in recent years. The club will seek to clean out, enlarge and develop the lake into an excellent fishing spot for anglers of that area.

The Kansas Fish and Game Commission will stock the lake with fish as soon as it is ready and have agreed to stock the surrounding land area with quail and pheasant as soon as the club gets coverage of the pasture land.

Cheyenne Bottoms Sportsmen's Club

Sportsmen of central Kansas got together during the summer at Hoisington and formed the Cheyenne Bottoms Sportsmen's Club. The purpose of the new club is to work with the state fish and game commission in the further advancement and development of the Cheyenne Bottoms project.

Directors selected for the club are:

Barton county—J. L. Pieper, Hoisington, and Frank Robl, Ellinwood.

Pawnee county—Robert Williams and Walter Frizell, both of Larned.

Rush County-W. J. Harder, Otis.

Rice County—Eugene Huebner and G. A. Stehwein, both of Bushton.

Stafford-E. W. Monger, Macksville.

Ellsworth-T. S. Foster, Ellsworth.

Russell-Robert Shirer, Russell.

Reno-Tom Van De Car, Hutchinson.

George Scheuffler, of Great Bend, is president of the organization. The Cheyenne Bottoms is one of the most outstanding projects of its kind in the nation and eventually will be one of the greatest recreational areas in the midwest.

Emporia Hunting and Fishing Club Builds New Clubhouse

Recognition and compliments are due the Neosho Valley Hunting and Fishing Club at Emporia for what they are doing to create greater interest in hunting and fishing and better hunting and fishing in Lyon county for young and old alike. No project is impossible for the Emporia club and they have so many activities under way that one wonders how they accomplish so much. But they do!

Early last spring when the club was organized, the members set as a goal the building of a new clubhouse at the C. J. Neill shooting park, $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of Emporia on Highway 99. By the middle of July that clubhouse was a reality! The members furnished the labor to erect the building, a 32×16 structure with a 7-foot porch running along the east side. The building is finished in knotty pine, with one-half of it being used for a refreshment room and the other half for a business office. No membership funds were used for the work of improving the tract of ground and the clubhouse. All of the funds used were those that had been accumulated from activities at the park. Many firms and individuals in the city contributed material and labor for the building.

Included in the plans for the future are tables and benches outside, and a picnic oven. Two traps are now in operation, one of them newly-constructed by the club, and locations for three more have been marked out. Lighting for the club was furnished by the REA and the wiring was so arranged that floodlights may be put on the grounds. When these are added, the club plans to hold night shoots.

The club is also sponsoring the improvement of Peter Pan Lake in Emporia to provide a safe place for children to fish. Other activities of the club include the holding of field trials, holding programs that include the showing of hunting and fishing films, bringing nationally-known outdoor experts to Emporia for speeches, holding trapshoots, cleaning up trash at the state lake, setting out Multiflora rose and other game bird cover plants, and many others. The club also sponsored a fine exhibit at the Lyon County State Fair in August.

The membership of the club is already past the 300 mark and still growing and it is no wonder, the club being as active as it is.

ARRESTS--MAY, 1950

Name and Address	Offense	Officer	Fine
Chas. Keith Ostrander, Neosho	Fishing without license	McGuire	\$8.15
Richard Hamilton, Garden City	Hunting without license	Holmes	25.00
Jas. Arnold Hofbauer, Garden City	Trespass	Holmes	15.00
Robt. Brunner, Kansas City, Mo	Misrepresentation	Spence-LeGer	8.00
Donald Hickman, Wichita	Possess under-sized fish	Toland	30.65
Earl Ashley, Wichita	Possess under-sized fish	Toland	10.00
Estel Cooper, Wauneta	Possess illegal seine	Gillespie-Andrew	
	Fishing without license	Holmes	53.50
Clyde Allen, Garden City	Illegal fishing	Minckley	15.00
Forrest Dryden, Wellsville	Illegal fishing	Minckley	12.53
Clarence Dryden, Wellsville	Illegal fishing	Minckley	12.53
Charles Rhodes. Wellsville	Illegal fishing		12.52
Carl W. Ruddell, Wellsville		Minckley	12.52
Dale M. Jones, Wichita	Fishing without license	Hasselwander	36.40
A. E. Lucius, Horace	Fishing with 3 rods and reels		14.50
Kenneth Maley, Cherryvale		J. Bryan-Herd	12.25
Carlos Walters, Great Bend	Trespass on refuge	Holmes	15.00
Alexander McPhail, Topeka	Fishing without license	LeGer-Spence	13.00
Paul Espinosa, Kansas City, Mo	Fishing without license	LeGer-Spence	8.00
Wanda Espinosa, Kansas City, Mo	Fishing without license	Spence-LeGer	8.00
Harold L. Williams, Topeka	Fishing without license	Spence-LeGer	13.00
Charles Walters, Niotaze	Selling deer meat	Bryan, JMcNally-Herd-	
		Hasselwander-Gillespie	17.60
Ernest Glotchen, Atchison	Fishing with too many poles	Spencer-LeGer	12.50
Calvin Tuders, Wichita	Fishing without license	Hasselwander	20.70
Harry E. McGrew, Wichita	Fishing without license	Hasselwander	20.70
Jim Miller, Coffeyville	Fishing without license		9.90
Merle L. Tremble, Coffeyville	Possess fur-bearers out of season		14.90
Alva Gilbert, Stockton	Fishing without license	Jones	20.00
Evelyn Kurtz, Stockton	Fishing without license	Jones	20.00
William Hartford, Phoeniz, Ariz	Fishing without license	J. Bryan-McNally-Herd-Gillespie	16.00
Clifford E. Garner, Great Bend	Fishing without license	Randall,	18.75
Albert Parks, Hill City	Fishing without license		20.00
Robert D. Milligan, Marysville	Fishing without license	Ferrell	8.00
Emil Freeburg, Madison	Fishing without license	McNally	16.00
Jack Mibeck, Scott Field, Ill	Fishing without license	McNally	16.00
Carl Mibeck, Wichita	Fishing without license	McNally	16.00
Eugene Hutfles, Hernden	Fishing without license	Kiefer	12.50
Reva Burcham, Plainville	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
Helen Bartholomew, Plainville	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
A. Ferguson, Grenola	Possess fur-bearer out of season	Gillespie-McNally	13.50
Don Snyder, Enterprise	Fishing without license	Carlson	7.50
Henry Handcox, Clovis, N. Mex	Fishing without license	Andrew-Hasselwander	18.00
Violet Carter, Elkhart	Fishing without license	Glover	12.50
Joe Bruce Langley, Elkhart	Misrepresentation	Glover-Gebhard	32.50
Jimmie Karrant, Plainview	Fishing without license	Hasselwander	10.05
Willard Hartman, Wichita	Fishing without license	McNally	16.00
C. H. Truog, Columbus	Out-season fishing	Herd	13.50
Everett Frazier, Moline	Set too many trot lines	Gillespie	13.50
Lt. Jack Rountree, Treasure Island, Cal	Fishing without license	Gillespie	8.50
Elmer Barnes, Dallas, Tex	Fishing without license	Herd	8.50
Loyde Nading, Chetopa	Fishing without license	3	15.00
Earl Platz, Hanston	Fishing without license		7.50
Margaret Wolff, Dodge City	Fishing without license		6.25
Herman Wolff, Dodge City	Fishing without license	Randall	6.25
W. P. Schultz, Jr., Wichita	Fishing without license		16.00
Pearl E. Deckard, Kinsley	Fishing without license		10.00
Carl Price, Columbus	Fishing without license		8.50
Paul Newell, Manhattan	Seining	Rogers-Kiefer	28.75
L. H. Moore, Hill City	Seining and no license	Kiefer-Rogers	28.75
Earnest Riele, St. Francis	Fishing without license	Whitaker	18.00
Harold Bair, Goodland	Fishing without license		18.00
John Bethka, Syracuse, N. Y	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
Maurice Hallie, Topeka	Fishing without license	Benander	10.00
Ernest Boyce, Topeka	Fishing without license	Benander	13.50
Chas. Lynch, Topeka	Fishing without license	Benander	13.50
Emery Wood, Topeka	Hand fishing and short fish	Benander	13.50
Jay Cairns, Abilene	Fishing without license	Carlson	8.50
Don Whitebread, Manhattan	Fishing without license		8:00
Orlando Scroggins, Salina	Seining		4.75
Bert Meckling, Salina	Fishing without license	Hopkins	4.75
Ted Haas, Ottawa	Fishing without license		9.25
Jack Fisher, Garnett			9.25
V. A. Hale, Jamestown	Fishing without license	Byrne	16.00

Lawrence Meis, Hoxie	Fishing without license	Kiefer-Rogers	10.00
Wm. Clore, Herington	Fishing without license	Carlson	8.50
G. L. Mitchell, Junction City	Fishing without license	Carlson	4.50
Dale Smith, Enterprise	Fishing without license	Carlson	4.50
Ralph Grill, Colby	Fishing without license	Geo. Whitaker	10.00
Dean Shropp, Lyons	Fishing without license	Suenram	10.00
Louis Johnson, Scandia	Hunting without license (rabbits)	Byrne	16.00
Lavon Bowersox, Belleville	Hunting without license (rabbits)	Byrne	17.25
Glen Kersenbrock, Colby	Fishing without license	Whitaker	10.00
Raymond McGuirk, Galena	Fishing without license	Herd	19.15

ARRESTS--JUNE, 1950

Name and Address	Offense		Officer	Fine
Mrs. Abel Mundhenke, McCook, Neb	Fishing without	license	Jones	\$15.00
Murray Simmons, Ness City		license	Randall	13.75
Bob Sisco, Ness City		license		13.75
Jack Jones, Ness City	Fishing without	license	Randall	13.75
Ray A. Garmann, Colony	Fishing without	license	Dean	10.65
Agnes Dietz, Russell		license	Jones	18.00
Elias Manning, Kansas City, Mo		license		9.25
Bill Wilson, Elkhart		license		dismissed
Wallace Zimmerman, Sterling	Fishing without	license	Suenram	15.00
Cecil Duncan, St. Louis, Mo		license		10.00
Prentice Autry, Wichita		license		14.85
R. F. Jordan, Alma, Neb		license		
Frankie Schissler, Alma, Neb		license		7.75
Paul Schwatken, Independence		license and by illegal means		7.75
raul Schwatken, Independence	r isning without	ncense and by megar means	McNally	20.20
Glenn Kimrey, Elk City	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	I Bryan-Gillespie Hord and	20.30
Glein Kimey, Elk Oky	rising without	needse and by megar means	McNally	20.30
Leroy Wills, Pleasanton	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	Curtis	9.00
M. K. Morris, Kansas City, Mo		license and by illegal means		
Roy Woolery, Augusta	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	Hassalwander	9.00
Claude Fritz, Fairfield, Tex	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	Hard	26.40
	Fishing without	license and by filegal means	Herd	15.00
Chester Watkins, Great Bend	Fishing without	license and by illegal means		15.00
Geo. Schwager, Great Bend		license and by illegal means	Jones	15.00
James Copenhaver, Abilene		license and by illegal means		8.50
Clyde Ward, Larned		license and by illegal means	The second secon	9.00
Ernest A. France, Abilene		license and by illegal means	Suenram	8.50
Chas. E. Davis, Abilene		license and by illegal means	Suenram	8.50
Raymond Rader, Great Bend		license and by illegal means		10.00
Don LeRoy Ullum, Wichita	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	McNally	16.00
Gene Robinson, Topeka	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	Benander	dismissed
LeRoy Pittle, Topeka	Fishing without	license and by illegal means	Benander	dismissed
Sam Clarendo, Topeka		license and by illegal means		
Marvin Hromanda, Delia		license and by illegal means	Benander	13.00
Ollie Bailey, Silver Lake		license and by illegal means	Benander	13.00
Roy Biles, Great Bend		license and by illegal means	Jones	
C. O. Galbraith, Topeka		license	Benander	15.00
Lt. Stephen Veselonee, Fort Riley		license		13.00
Lyle Perry, McPherson	The principle of the Contraction	license		12.65
Max Lemon, Hutchinson		license		10.00
Robert Gray, Kansas City			Carlson	10.00
Robert Oray, Ransas City	rishing without	license		13.00
Otis Swain, Wellington	Fishing without	license	Andrews-Gillespie-McNally-	12.00
Scott McCorkle, Bellaire		license	Shay-Hasselwander	13.00
Karl Kramer, Concordia			Jones	13.65
Chas. Otto Pierce, Liberal		license	Byrne	15.25
H. D. Turntine, Parker	G	license		17.00
		license		9.25
Bill C. Morris, Hutchinson		license	Ramsey	10.00
Jack Jackson, Hutchinson		license	Suenram	12.05
Val Beisel, Topeka	Fishing without	license	LeGer	13.00
Charles Turner, Kansas City	Fishing without	license	Richardson-Benander	15.50
Clarence McGuire, Kansas City, Mo	Fishing without	license	LeGer-Spence	8.00
Ralph C. Brown, Easton	Fishing without	license	LeGer-Spence	11.95
Calvin Connelly, Leavenworth	Fishing without	license	LeGer-Spence	16.95
Alvin Smith, Poplar Bluff, Mo	Fishing without	license	I. Bryan-Gillespie-McNally Hord	12.25
Charles E. White, McPherson	Fishing without	license	Hopkins-Carlson	
wayne Taylor, Goodland	Hunting withou	t license	Knitig	11.50
Henry Baumbover, Goodland	Hunting withou	t license	Knitia	15.00
A. M. Watkins, Wichita	0	fish	Hassalwandan	15.00
L. C. Shisenant, Liberal	Misrepresentatio	in .	Calland	10.05
Card Prather Chicago	Misrepresentation	m	Genard	17.00
Carl Beth, Blue Mound	Out-season bull	fragging	LeGer-Spence	13.00
Floyd Ditty, Virgil	Noodling	frogging	Curtis	53.50
Jerry Osborne, Virgil	Noodling	************************	Gillespie-McNally	41.00
Travis Still, Arkansas City.	Soining C-1	**********************	Gillespie-McNally	41.00
Travis Still, Arkansas City	seining fish		Gillespie	13.80

Francis Martin, Arkansas City	Possessing illegal seine	Gillespie	19.85
Wallace Duncan, Arkansas City	Seining fish	Gillespie	13.80
Ernest Rollins, Baxter Springs	Gigging fish	J. Bryan-McGuire-Herd	70.57
Clarence Brannon, Nowata	Gigging fish		70.57
Willis Duncan, Arkansas City	Seining fish		13.80
B. L. Eythenson, Elk City	Illegal means of fishing	J. Bryan-Gillespie-Herd-McNally	15.10
J. R. Eythenson, Elk City	Illegal means of fishing		15.10
Harold Powers, Address unknown	Hand fishing	McNally-Bryan-Andrew-	
		Hasselwander	16.00
Floyd Hafliger, Wakeeney	Forking fish	Rogers	23.45
Raymond Chaney, Larned	Hand fishing	Randall	12.00
Alvin Chaney, Larned	Hand fishing	Randall	12.00
Benjamin Eickman, Winona	Forking fish	Rogers	
Roy Webb, Topeka	Possessing short fish	LeGer-Spence	23.45
Alvin Mapes, Norton	Seining and no fishing license		13.00
		Kiefer	13.15
Clyde Scott, Scammon	Possessing illegal seine	J. Bryan-McGuire-Piggott	32.35
Amos Mayberry, Girard	Operating illegal seine	McGuire-Anderson-Concannon	28.50
Alonzo Mayberry, Girard	Operating illegal seine	McGuire-Anderson-Concannon	28.50
Dan Trent, Girard	Operating illegal seine	McGuire-Anderson-Concannon	53.50
O. G. Folscroft, Kansas City	Trot line too close stream mouth	LeGer-Spence	13.00
August Maniez, Arma	Operating too many trot lines	McGuire-Anderson-Concannon	18.50
J. E. Clark, Arma	Operating too many trot lines	McGuire-Anderson-Concannon	18.50
Wm. J. Dorner, Garden City	Illegal fishing	Holmes	
Will. J. Dorner, Garden City	megar usung	Holmes	15.00
	ADDECTS HILLY 1050		
	ARRESTSJULY, 1950		
Name and Add	Offense	Officer	т.
Name and Address		Officer	Fine
Eugene Anderson, Kansas City	Fishing without license	LeGer-Spence	\$7.00
Albert K. Waltman, Kansas City	Fishing without license	LeGer-Spence	7.00
Sid Torgan, Wichita	Illegal fishing	Holmes	15.00
Vernon Wing, Garden City	Illegal fishing	Holmes	15.00
Leo Renkoski, Kansas City	Illegal trot line	LeGer	12.00
H. W. Schilling, Merriam	Fishing without license	LeGer	7.00
E. J. Wergin, Wichita	Possessing short fish	Hasselwander	
J. B. Cusick, Wichita	Fishing without license		20.05
	The state of the s	Andrew, Toland, Shay, Hasselwander,	18.80
Lawrence Mardis, Preston	Fishing without license	Andrew, Toland, Shay, Hasselwander,	14.80
H. K. Hutchins, Wichita	Fishing without license	Andrew, Hasselwander, Shay,	7.4.00
	Caraltan in Class Paul	Toland, Suenram	14.80
Eugene H. Fisher, Marienthal	Speeding in State Park	Rogers	11.65
Wm. T. Barker, Wichita	No hunting license—killing birds in closed season	Toland	110.03
Webster A. Rains, Mound Valley	Possession of fish gig	Bryan-Herd-McGuire	14.90
O. E. Rogers, Mound Valley	Possession of fish gig	Bryan-Herd-McGuire	14.90
D. C. Tracy, Coffeyville	Possession of frog gig	Bryan-Herd-McGuire	14.90
Curtis Allen, Liberty	Possession of fish gig	Bryan-Herd-McGuire	14.90
Lloyd Lopshire, Tribune	Fishing without license	Knitig	14.73
James W. Holsapple, Topeka	Fishing without license	Jones	
	And the second of the second o	The state of the s	15.00
I. E. Stopford, Harrisburg, Pa	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
ean Stopford, Harrisburg, Pa	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
Leman D. Prater, Plainville	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
oe Berland, Hays	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
Gene Hoppes, Russell	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
E. H. Nieman, Booneville, Mo	Fishing without license	Ferrel	12.8
Glenn Watkins, Goodland	Fishing without authority		
	Fishing without license	McNally	10.00
C. G. Waugh, Mankato			16.0
onald C. Toots, Great Bend	Illegal trot line		15.5
ernona Gracey, Hugoton	Fishing without license		15.7
. D. Hamilton, Shreveport, La	Fishing without license		15.0
V. T. Parker, Kinsley	Shooting wild deer	Andrew-Gebhard	101.5
Dick Wilson, Ashland	Shooting wild deer	Andrew-Gebhard	101.5
ob Shryock, Galena	Gigging fish—no license		65.5
Bill Hall, Galena	Possession of fish gig	Herd	
Charles S. Salmon, Jr., El Dorado	Fishing without license	Iones	13.50
			13.00
A. P. Bucey, Scott City	Fishing without license		10.00
D. D. Blankenship, Seymore, Tex	Fishing without license	Rogers	10.00
Virgil Hall, Galena	Possession of fish gig	Herd	13.50
Orville Miller, Wichita Falls, Tex	Fishing without license	Dean	8.50
Paul Burchett, Lawrence	Fishing without license	Ferrell	7.90
Charles Brumley, Shawnee	Possession of fish gig	Benander-McKinley	13.00
Robert Wilson, Delia	Possession of fish gig	Benander-McKinley	13.00
William W. Pfeifer, Leoti	Fishing without license	Rogers	
	Possession of fish gig	Uand	9.50
Buel Pool, McCune			14.0
Aurlin Pool, McCune	Possession of fish gig	Herd	14.0
red N. Dreiling, Wichita	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
Varren True, Coffeyville	Fishing without license	Jones	15.00
Ray D. Clark, Wichita	Fishing without license	Curtis-Minckley	8.50
O. W. Merck, La Massa, Tex	Fishing without license		14.75
Clarence Mathews, La Massa, Tex	Fishing without license	Knitig	
	Fishing without license	Trans.	14.75 11.75
ohn Rainey, Billings, Okla			

John Rainey, Billings, Okla...... Fishing without license...... Knitig

Roy Froetchner, Larned	Fishing without license	Randall	9.00
A. C. Blume, Wellington	Fishing without license	Andrew-Hasselwander	10.00
Loren B. Rock, Enterprise	Possession of short fish		16.65
W. E. Johnson, Wichita	Fishing without license	Shay	15.00
Herb Brown, Scranton	Fishing without license	Benander	13.00
W. A. Warren, Marysville	Fishing without license	Ferrell	8.00
William Luthi, Niles	Possession of fish spear	Hopkins	13.75
W. L. Lindsay, Concordia	Fishing without license	Byrne :	13.15
Hosey Hoper, Arkansas City	Fishing without license	Gillespie	13.10
Willie H. Jackson, Topeka	Fishing without license	Benander	13.10
Lindsay Gillespie, Topeka	Fishing without license	Benander	13.00
Lester Carcey, Longdale, Okla	Possession of four pheasants out of season. No license,	Bryan	107.50
Raymond Kirk, Enid, Okla	Possession of four pheasants out of season. No license,	Bryan	107.50
Charles Wilson, Wakeeney	Possession of raccoon out of season. No permit	Bryan	12.50
Harvey McCoy, Wakeeney	Possession of raccoon out of season. No permit	Bryan	57.50
LeRoy Pierce, Wakeeney	Possession of raccoon out of season. No permit	Bryan	12.50
Kenneth H. Steele, St. Joseph, Mo	Fishing without license	Bryan	28.75
John R. Shannon, Liberal	Hunting wild game birds without license	Gebhard	13.50
Ray Wilkerson, Galena	Possession of gig	Herd	13.50
Charles Gibbs, McCune	Possession of frogs out of season.	Herd	30.50
T. F. Wagner, Trinidad, Colo	Fishing without license. Possession of short fish	Toland	110.05
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Wanted! Rare Winchester 73 Rifles

Brand new 30-30 sporting rifles suitable for deer, bear, coyotes or other big game, are awaiting twenty persons who are the unsuspecting owners of one of America's rarest and least known variety of the most famous rifle of the early west. The rifle for which a nation-wide dragnet is now out is the "One of One Thousand" variety of the lever-action Winchester 73.

Any readers of this magazine who qualify will receive a new rifle with the compliments of Universal Pictures and Kansas Fish and Game.

Since the publication of an article in the May issue of the official journal of the National Rifle Association of Amerca, started the search, Unversal Pictures, which made its new Jimmy Stewart movie "Winchester 73" about one of these guns, has announced that the first twenty persons who satisfactorily report their ownership of one of these rare rifles will receive a brand new Model 94 deer rifle. The Model 94 is a modern descendent of the Model 73.

How many of the "One of One Thousand" rifles still survive after some seventy-five years is not known. They were only made from 1875 through 1881. There may not be many. If any are found, it is possible that some as yet unknown chapters in American history will be revealed. Only 124 of the Model 73's were produced. The rifle must be a Model 1873 Winchester and have the words "One of One Thousand" engraved on the top of the barrel just ahead of the receiver. The present owner must supply a photograph of the engraved words "One of One Thousand" and a notarized letter stating his ownership, serial number of the rifle and such facts regarding previous ownership or history if known. Precedence to determine the first twenty reported will be determined by the postmark of the letter which should be addressed to "Winchester 73 Department, Universal Pictures Co., Inc., 445 Park Avenue, New York 22, New York.

Quick Frozen Minnows Now Available to Fishermen

The Frigid Bait Company in Chicago has a new type of bait on the market now that should be of interest to fishermen.

They have what they call the "Frigid-Mino," quick frozen minnows which are designed to take the work and worry out of going fishing. According to their publicity, the product has been tested in different sections of the country, and has out-performed live bait in nearly every test. The Frigid-Mino stays as firm and natural as live bait and the fisherman does not have to worry about keeping bait alive. Just keep a supply in your home freezer or ice box and thaw them out as needed.

To fishermen interested in trying this new type of bait, we suggest you write Frigid Bait Company, 2129 West Pershing Road, Chicago 9, Ill.

Nature's Oddities

Fish, like humans, get seasick if left to the mercy of the waves for an extended period.

There is a small plover in Africa which serves as a toothpick for crocodiles. They allow it to enter its mouth unharmed.

Burrowing owls, prairie-dogs, and rattlesnakes have been found living in the same dens.

The female nine-banded armadillo normally gives birth to four young, all of the same sex.

White bass die of old age in three years.

The appointments were announced at the association's annual fish fry. An estimated 450 persons attended the program, which shows they have an active group there in Manhattan.

1950-'51 FUR AND TRAPPING REGULATIONS

The 1950-'51 trapping seasons open December 1, and runs through January 31.

The following-named fur bearers may be taken during the legal open season: Muskrat, skunk, mink, raccoon, opossum, civit cat, badger, bobcat, lynx, marten, weasel, red or gray fox, swift or prairie fox. Season closed on beaver and otter.

The trapping regulations declare it to be an unlawful act to destroy the holes, runs, dams, houses, trees or dens of fur-bearing animals or to use poison, ferrets, smoke guns or gas in taking fur-bearing animals.

Each trapper is limited by law to twenty (20) steel traps, which must be visited daily.

If you sell, ship, offer for sale or shipment, any fur-bearing animals or the pelts of such animals, you must first have a trapping license. The trapping license fee remains at \$1.

To pursue fur-bearing animals with dogs or to trap fur-bearing animals on property other than that owned or leased by you and on which you are actually domiciled, a hunting license is required in addition to the regular trapping license. This will apply only to those over sixteen years of age.

Fur-buyers' regulation: A resident shall pay an annual fee of \$10; a nonresident an annual fee of \$25 to buy fur in Kansas. Fur buyers must have a license for each buying point except when purchasing furs from other licensed buyers at the place of business specified in such other fur-buyers' licenses.

A record of all furs purchased must be kept, such record showing the name, address and license number of each person from whom fur is purchased, together with the number and kind of pelts purchased or acquired, on blanks furnished by the Forestry, Fish and Game Commission. This record must be filed with the Fish and Game Commission at Pratt on or before the first of March.



I GIVE MY
PLEDGE AS AN AMERICAN
TO SAVE AND FAITHFULLY TO
DEFEND FROM WASTE THE
NATURAL RESOURCES OF
MY COUNTRY - ITS SOIL
AND MINERALS, ITS
FORESTS, WATERS,
AND WILDLIFE

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